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Memorandum for Mr. Ladd RECOMMENDATION It is recommended that no objection be made to It is noted that Attachment

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VPK:FA

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: June 28, 1916 To Ison THE DIRECTOR .TO D. M. Ladd FROM : NATIONAL INTELLICENCE AUTHORITY SUBJECT: b3 In the event you approve, I will be in attendance. 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 37 JULY18 1946 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 52 JUL 24 1946 164

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT July 15, 1946 olson Mr. 61 A. Tam DATE: MR. D. M. LADD TO J. K. MUMFORD FROM: SUBJECT: b3 1/16/46 11 Dam. 32 JUL 18 1946 JRL EOD JUL 221946 /

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION					
1946					
The Director Records Section					
Mr. TolsonPersonnel Files					
Mr. LaddSend File					
Mr. RosenBring file up-					
Mr. Clegg to-date					
Mr. GlavinSearch, serial-					
Mr. Nichols ize, and route					
Mr. TracyReading Room					
Mr. HarboMechanical Section					
Mr. HendonBureau Supply Section					
Mr. PenningtonMail Room					
Mr. Quinn Tamm					
Mr. Nease					
Mr. Coyne					
Mr. Coyne Mr. Tolson Call me re this					
Mr. Carson Note and return					
Mr. Glavin					
Mr. LaddFile					
Mr. Nichols					
Miss StalcupRosenStamp and mail					
Miss Gray Mr. TracyPrepare tickler					
Miss Butcher CarsonCall these files					
Mr. Egan					
Mr. Gurnea					
Mr. Harbo					
See Me Mr. Hendon					
Mr. Pennington					
Mr. Quian Tamm					
Mr. Neusermannen					
Miss Gandy					
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DATE 19 0 1 BYSR ALW 5734

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 ffice Memorandum UNITED STATES DATE: July 17, 1946. Tolson Fr. C. Leg Ir. Clegg Ir. Clegg Ir. Clayin Ir. Ladd. The Director TO D. M. Ladd FROM NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORYTY SUBJECT: Pennington Quinn Tam Tele. Room Mr. Nease Miss Beah Miss Gandy Referral/Consult DML: cmw it is weren to FIATH MINISTER 37 JULF181946 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED EX-126 **63 JUL** 26 1946

# latter Of Fact

By Joseph and Stewart Alsop

ret Service

THERE IS STILL a long hard row to hoe, but the foundations for a competent, professional, American secret service are now quietly being, laid. It will no doubt be many years before the American service can hope to rival those of the other great powers, and it seems highly unlikely that it will ever equal the astonishing effectiveness of the famous British Secret Intelligence Service. Yet a good start has at last, after many trials and tribulations, been made.

Since any central intelligence 'effort inevitably threatens certain cherished empire of other departments, intelligence is certainly one of the hottest spots in the Government. This hot spot is currently occupied by Lieut. Gen. Hoyt Vandenberg, a professional intelligence officer, who has replaced Admiral Sidney Sowers, an amiable Missouri businessman, as chief of the newly organized central intelligence group. Sowers' main achieve-ment was the establishment of a sort of editorial board, which reads and digests all the Government information sufficiently zecrét so that it does not appear in the newspapers. This informa-tion is boiled down to a threepage, single-space, document, which is delivered every afternoon to the President for his edification. Truman is reported so well pleased with this daily briefing as it is now presented that he even vetoed a minor shange in the format. The work obviously of great importance, ince it contributes largely to the Gresident's picture of the world ituation. Under Vandenberg, his work is going forward, and s quality (at first it had somehing of the hopeful amateurishness of a high school paper), is constantly being improved. 9

YET THIS PASSIVE editing. and planning stage is now over. "Planning section?" Vandenberg s reported to have remarked of i section established by his pred-secsor, "I'm my own planning section.") The positive phase of collecting and assessing secret ntelligence agency, it is inevitible that some feathers will be

has objected with some heat to some of the CIG's interpretations of secret reports. This conflict is perhaps inevitable, since it is the duty of an intelligence service, unlike a foreign service, to see all sorts of sinister ghosts under the bed, so that those responsible for national defense, while hoping for the best, may be prepared for the worst.

Other conflicts with established agencies of the Government will most certainly develop in the future, but at least one threat of hidden warfare seems to have been stilled. A firm agreement i has been reached between the CIG and the FBI that the CIG will be wholly responsible for

foreign clande. and counter-est FBI will limit i clusively to maint security.

MEANWHILE, in ably a wise move, ti services-unit is in

liquidation. SSU is the vestigian remnant-of the cloak and dagger portion of the office of strategic services, the wartime secret service. In the course of its wartime existence OSS did on the whole an extremely valuable job, but it made some astonishing mistakes, and it also made a number of unrelenting enemies throughout the Government. These enemies have been immerited by SSU, along with some of the less competent personnel which OSS, along with many really able men, boasted in profusion.

Moreover, secret intelligence in peace is not the same thing as secret intelligence in war. Therefore, it seemed best that SSU be disbanded in a thorough job of house-cleaning. Yet this does not mean that the foreign secret intelligence effort is being liquidated. On the contrary, it is just beginning to be put on a really professional basis.

A good start has thus been made. Yet the CIG now operates under a vague directive, and exists in a wholly amorphous state on borrowed personnel and without a budget of its own. Although they have fought bitterly on alngreed that chis save or arint. nuffied. Already there are re- is unsatisfactory. Provision was

bill, which President Truman had finally rammed d' the reluctant throat of the vy, for an independent intelligence agency with its own budget. If it becomes obvious that the merger bill will not pass this session— and congressional leaders give it little more than one chance in a hundred—Truman will be urged to sponsor a separate bill to create such an agency.

For time is short. No one considers the entrance of this country into the dark business of clandestine intelligence a pleasant prospect, any more than the continued drafting of men into the armed services is a pleasant prospect. Yet, if the negotiations for the control of atomic energy, which Bernard M. Baruch is now conducting, break down, a competent secret intelligence service may become America's first link of defense.

Mr. Hendbar Mr. Pennington Mr. Quinn Tamm\_ Mr. Nease Miss/Gandy\_

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INDEXED.

EX - 29

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, IS UNGLASSIFIED

5auc 261946

WASHHINGTON POST Page.

July 8, 1946 CTRICTLY COUFIDEUTIAL BY SPECIAL USEBENGER POORDED 62-83750-105 Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg Director Central Intelligence Group Room 2166 New War Department Building. Slat and Virginia Avenue, H. W. Fashington, D. C. Dear General Vandenberg: b3 Allah Brons

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg

With best wishes and kind regards,

ginenselsousproj

b3

Ir. Tolson
Ir. E. A. Tema
Ir. C. Reg
Ir. Coffey.
Ir. Olavin
Ir. Ledd
Ir. Nichols
Ir. Nichols
Ir. Nichols
Ir. Regan
Ir. Egan
Ir. Geron
Ir. Egan
Ir. Geron
Ir. Ourrea
Ir. Gurna
Ir. Quinn Tann
Ir. Quinn Tann
Ir. Nease
Miss Gandy

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 12-19-2011 Coffey Nichols F.B.I. RADI Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Carson Mr. Egan Mr. Hendon DECODED Mr. Pennington Mr. Quinn Tamm\_ Mr. Nease\_ Miss Gandy\_ T7-19-46 FROM SAN JOSE 3:33 PM EST RELATIONS WITH CENTRAL INTILL " W.C. C-K-UP Referral/Consult 7-19-46 3:46 PM EST RECEIVED: **FMF** If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated, outside the Bureau lity is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau scryptographic sy

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	
FROM: E. G. Sidon.  SUBJECT:  D. M. Ladd  DATE: July 12, ir. folson ir. E. A. Tame ir. Glegg ir. Oldey ir. Oldey ir. Oldey ir. Nichols ir. Rosen ir. Tracy ir. Carson ir. Egan ir. Bean ir. Hendon ir. Pennington ir. Carson ir. Gregg ir. Hendon ir. Pennington ir. Carson ir. Gregg ir. Hendon ir. Carson ir. Carson ir. Gregg ir. Hendon ir. Carson ir. Carson ir. Gregg ir. Hendon ir. Carson	1
It is requested that Agent Doherty be advised if Bureau officials will meet with and when they desire such meeting to take place.	
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## CONTENEUTING

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RECEIVED 7-22-467 11:29 AM EST

Referral/Consult

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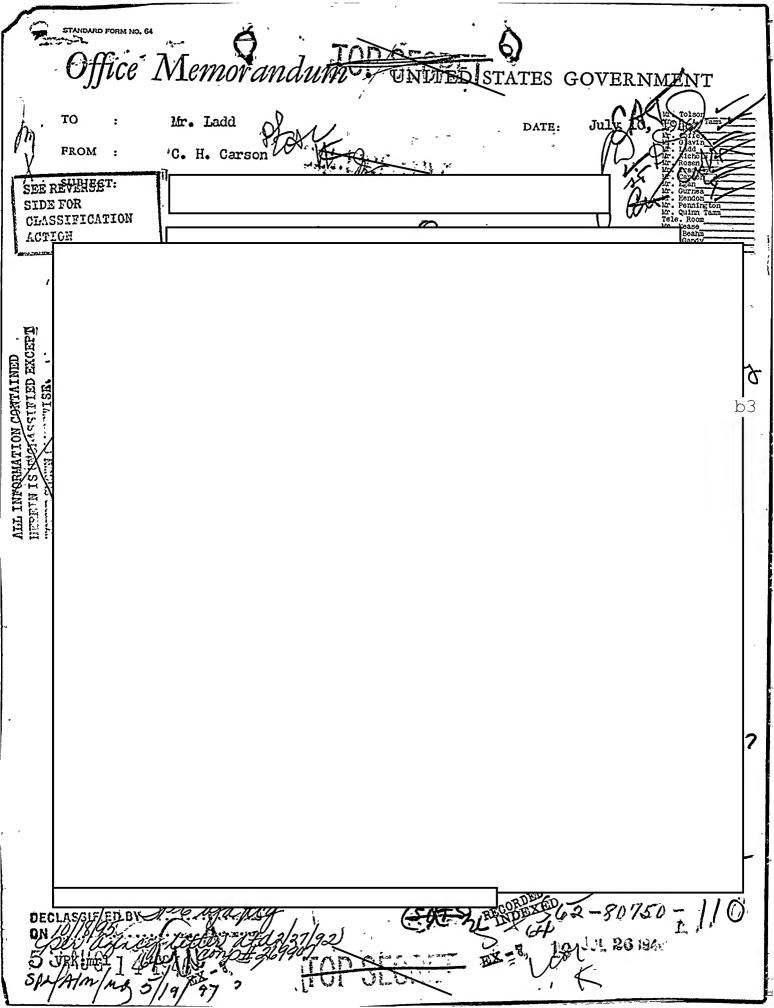
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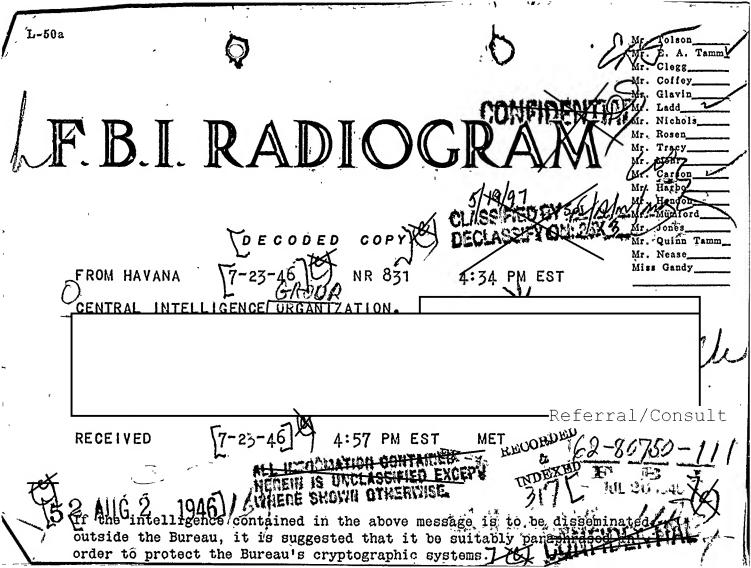
of the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated of side the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

mK.



ENCLOSURE -110

Q



STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum united states-government The Director DATE: July 17, 194 D. M. Ladd CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP b3 about is not & true advise ? DML: cmw 57AUG6

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

#### Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : The Director

The Executive Conference

SUBJECT:

FROM

led in 66-2554

At a meeting of the Executive Conference July 12, 1946,

DATE: July 12, 194

attended by Messrs. Tolson, Glavin, Rosen, Harbo, Nichols, Tracy and Ladd, the question was presented with reference to the National Intelligence
Authority's proposal to mail out questionnaires to aliens arriving in the United States and citizens returning to the United States from points abroad was discussed. The Conference was advised that it is the present intention of the National Intelligence Authority to index all of these names, to submit questionnaires to those who appear from the original information to possess information of value to the intelligence program, and upon the return of these questionnaires to send those which appear to have information of military value to the Army and those containing apparent naval information to ONI, with a request that those agencies interview the individual for more complete details. It was pointed out that the question presents itself as to who should interview the remaining individuals, whether the FEI should insist on its rights to conduct such interviews or whether CIG should be permitted or en-

couraged to set up investigators for that purpose in this country.

It was proposed that the Bureau should try and effect some distribution of the responsibilities for interviews almost along the lines of our delimitation agreements, with Naval Intelligence to conduct interviews in those cases in which the potential information relates to matters of primary Navy interest, Military Intelligence to conduct those interviews relating to Military objectives, including locations of factories and all other physical topographical and geographical information which might be of potential use in the compiling of bomb targets, etc., and the FET to conduct those interviews relating to subversive activities, "fifth column", etc.

The Executive Conference was unanimous regarding this latter recommendation.

DML: cmm

cc - Mr. Clegg Mr. Hendon Respectfully,
For the Conference

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Office Nemovandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: Mr. TAMM

DATE: July 8, 1946 10: Elso

FROM: D. M. Ladd

FROM: D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY

In General Intelligence Group of the Central Intelligence Group of the Folso

In New Tame

I attended a meeting of the Central Intelligence Group of the Folso

FROM: D. M. Ladd

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I attended a meeting of the Central Intelligence Group of the National Intelligence Authority on the afternoon of July 2, 1946. This meeting was held to discuss the attached directive #10. Representatives of the Immigration and Customs Service were present, and after discussing the attached directive, it was agreed that Immigration and Customs would be able to have the additional questions needed by the Central Intelligence Group included on the questionnaire and obtained from all aliens arriving in the United States in order that the National Intelligence Agency could index and have available in its central files, the names of all aliens and information concerning the location from which they had come, as well as the names of citizens and the locations and places which they had visited in Europe. It was then the plan of the NIA to review these questionnaires and any of those which appeared to possess information of value on a particular area such as the economics, financial setup, location of various type of factories, could be sent a questionnaire by the NIA which upon execution and return to the NTA by the individual could further be studied and in the event it was deemed desirable, the information obtained thereby could be referred either to the Army, Navy, FRI or other interested agency and in the event the other interested agency deemed it pertinent, that person could be interviewed and the information thus made available to the other intelligence agency.

This directive does not require anything-from-the FBT at the present time inasmuch as the Immigration and Customs-have agreed they will take over the necessary contacts with the steamship companies and others at the port of entry for the purpose of endeavoring to obtain the execution of these questionnaires.

Attachment /

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30 Aug 1 1949

DML:da

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Memorandum • united states government THE DIRECTOR

FROM ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED SUBJECT: HEREIN, IS UNCLASSIFIED

The attached proposed directive of the National

July 9, 1946

Intelligence Authority covers a proposal that a type of questionnaire will be sent to persons entering the United States to determine whether they have information of value on a particular subject with reference to some foreign country in which they have lived or travelled. question is affirmative in its answers, the person will be interviewed to obtain the data which he possesses. This will probably raise the question as to who will interview these people in the United States to obtain

subversive activities, or other data which are of an intelligence nature but which are not of immediate and direct Army or Navy interest. consideration of this question must of necessity include the realization that if the Bureau declines to interview the people submitting affirmative information on the questionnaires returned to the National Intelligence

information relating to economics, finances, industrial information,

Authority, that Authority will be justified in establishing an investigative unit for operation within the United States. Of course, the information sought by this unit will ostensibly, at least, relate to conditions outside the United States. The establishment of this investi-

gative unit, however, must be viewed in the light of its being potentially the "camel's nose under the tent" in so far as the usurpation of the domestic jurisdiction is concerned. I think the Bureau should gird itself for an all-out fight against permitting the National Intelligence Authority to operate in the domestic field, but I do think that we will

have to figuratively walk a tight rope in meeting some of the issues.

If the Bureau agrees to interview the people who submit questionnaires reflecting that they possess some potential information upon some foreign country, I have no doubt but that the National Intelligence Authority will be very loose in its evaluation and will just dump on the Bureau hundreds and then thousands of names and addresses of people who have travelled or resided in some foreign country. We can interview

these people but out of it the Bureau will get absolutely nothing. On the other hand, if we decline to handle these blews, we afford the National Intelligence Authority a basis for setting up their own domestic investigative agency.

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As a compromise to this situation. I think we should try and effect some distribution of the responsibilities 4 for interviews almost along the lines of our delimitation agreements, with Navadantelligence to conduct interviews in those cases in which the potential information relates to matters of primary Navy interest, Military Intelligence to conduct those

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Themo for Serector from test and 7-12-46

Memo for the Director

interviews relating to Military objectives, including locations of factories and all other physical topographical and geographical information which might be of potential use in the compiling of bomb targets, etc., and the FBI to conduct those interviews relating to subversive activities, "fifth column", etc. In this way and with some studied enlargement of the subject matter to be covered by each of the three intelligence agencies in the United States, I think we would estop the National Intelligence Authority from this program as a wedge to set up domestic intelligence agencies.

EAT: DS

THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL ATTACHE
THE EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES
PORT AU PRINCE, HAITI

July 24, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONTIL

Re: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Reference is made to your cablegram dated July 21, 1946.

Reference is made to your cablegram dated me to him.

On July 20, 1946, Ambassador Orme Wilson called me to his office and permitted me to scan part of a cable he had received from the Department of State on the previous day. This undoubtedly was identical with the circular cablegram described in the Bureau cablegram of reference, inasmuch as the phraseology was quite similar.

During the conversation it developed that the Ambassador had received word that this office would be closed and I would leave Port-auPrince on September 30 next. The Ambassador expressed his satisfaction that the office would be kept open for the time being and remarked, "You will probably be replaced by somebody else."

I did not wish to pursue the matter of my replacement at the time but subsequently determined that the Ambassador has a pipeline in the State Department who keeps him informed. This pipeline recently advised of the date this office would be closed and of the probability that the Central Intelligence Group would be able to furnish an operative that the Central Intelligence Group would be able to furnish an operative for this mission when the FBI personnel here is withdrawn. The indications are that the Ambassador is resigned to the Bureau's determination to close this office.

The Bureau will be kept advised of any pertinent developments in connection with the operation of the Central Intelligence Group in this district.

4.

Very truly yours,

Mr. Pegnington

Mr. Quine Tamm....

Miss Gandy .....

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TACK WEST, CA

58 AUG 8, 1946

STANDARD FORM	o e		
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то :	MR. D. M. LADD	DATE: July 3	1, 19HGier
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SUBJECT:	HEORGANIZATION OF THE CENTRAL GROUP, JULY 19, 1946		Mr. Ournea Mr. Hendon Mr. Pennington Mr. Quinn Tamm Tele. Room Mr. Nease: Miss Beakin
	By memorandum from Mr. Fitch	to you dated July 29, 1946,	Miss Bearing Miss Gandy
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#### ACTION:

No action is necessary on this memorandum. It was prepared for informative purposes only.

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office memo	drandum = United	STATES GOVERN	imėnit	Y		, ye
TO : ]	ır, ladd	,		DATE: J	uly 29, 1946	k
FROM : V	. P. KEAY				-	-
SUBJECT:		<u> </u>				<b>-</b> -
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VPK:mrI Attachment		*			3 L 3 L	

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT THE DIRECTOR DATE: JULY 22 CLASSIFIED BY: SPIRAL DADR FROM D. M. LADD SUBJECT: CLUB FOR b3 5 19 AUG 6 53 AUG 22 1946

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR Mr. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Mr UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE . Nichols Rosen Mr. Tracy\_ Mr. Carson Mr. Egan Mr. Gurnea\_ Mr. Harbo Mr. Hendon FILE Mr. Jones Mr. Pennington\_ Tele. Room Mr. Nease Miss Beahm\_ Miss Gandy.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 12-19-2011



		~/
Ï	Mr. Tolson	
	Mr. E. A. T.	: 1
1	Mr. Clean	
	Mr. Coffey	'
	Mr. Glavin	
	Mr. Ladd	ĺ
	Mr. Nichols	
	Mr. Rosen	
	Mr. Tracy	,
	Mr. Carson	
	Mr. Egan	1
	Mr. Hendon	\ \
	Mr. Pennington	À
1 7	Mr. Quinn Tamm	ľ
	Mr. Nansa	•

Miss Gandy ....

DATHEOTIM

DATED JULY 30) AT MEXICO CITY, D. F. RECEIVED VIA THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

RE VISIT OF GENERAL EISENHOWER. GENERAL EISENHOWER EXPECTED MEXICO AUGUST FIFTEEN ON COURTESY VISIT, ACCOMPANIED BY GENERAL VANDENBERG. PARTY WILL REMAIN AT MEXICO AUGUST FIFTEEN THROUGH AUGUST EIGHTEEN. INDICATION AMBASSADOR WILL WANT TO DISCUSS FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOREIGN PROGRAM WITH THEM, INCLUDING CIVIL ATTACHE IN CONFERENCE. THIS IS FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU AND POSSIBLE INFORMATION OF INSPECTOR GURNEA.

RECEIVED

OCENTRAL INTELLIABILE CROOP

7-30-46

11-14 AM EST

MK

CLASSHED BY ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED EXCEPT
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWS DIHERWISE.

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau; it is suggested that it be suitably/paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

MAIN

Er. Heber W. Clege CONFIDENTIAL Special Assistant to the Ambassador The Addictor Sabassa.

Duones Airis 677 https:
RADIOSTAN #999 8-2-46 2:16 A.M.

2:06 4.1

2:06 A.M

1:58A.M

1: 30A.M

LUGAL ATTACUE AMERICAN ENDASSY

LA PAZ, BOLIVIA
RADIOGRAMA 86 8-2-46

LEGAL ATTACKE THE ALERICAN EXBASSY RIO DE JANSIRO, BRAZIL

PADI 3GRA2 706 8-2-46

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE ALLINICAN EURASSY

CANTIAGO, CHILE
HADIOGRALI 444 8-2-46

LEGAL ATTACHE THE AMERICAN ENDASSY

BOGOTA; COLOUBIA PADIOGRAM #175 8-2-46

IEGAL ATTACKE

THE AMERICAN PLBASSY
SAN JOSE, COSTA RICA
RADIOGRAN 671 6-2-46

LEGAL ATTACHE

TIL AIPRICAN ENDASSY NAVAUA, CUBA RADIDONAL #238 8-2-46

LEGAL ATTACES

LEGAL ATTACES THE ALERICAN ENDARSY CIVIAD TRUNILLO, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

LEGAL ATTACLE

CABLEGRAM = 329 8-2-46

THE AMERICAN EMPASSY CHITT, ESTADOR NADIOGRAM # 819 8-2-46 INHOAM

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE ALBRICAN HUBASSY

ir. Ladd ir. Nichols CIATILIAIA CITY, CUATELAIA RADIOGRAE 418 8-2-46

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THE AMERICAN EMBASSE A LIGHTALITY
POET AU-PRINCL, NAITI

CAPLEGRAN # 264 8:2-46 2:40 A.M.

LEGAL ATTACES THE AMERICAN EMPASSY TECUCICALFA, HEMURAS

CIVIL ATTACHE

1:45 A.M

2: 28 A.M

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THE AUSRICAN ELEASSY LEXICO CITY, UEXICO CABLEGRAI #638 8-2-46

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AUDITOM EMPASSY
LAMAGEA, HICARÁGEA
RADIOGRAU #357 8-2-46

LEGAL ATTACKE
THE ALURICAN ELEACSY
ACUNCION, PARACIAY

LEGAL ATTACHE

The Aughtoan Bubassy Fanalia City, Fanalia Cablegrau #242 8-2-46

/: 50 A.M LEGAL ATTACHS THE ALBRICAN EUBASSY LINA, PORU

PADIDORALE 78
A: 21 A.M
LEGAL ATTACKS

THE AUTHORN INTERSET SAN SALVADOR, EL SALVADOR RADIOGRAM #325 8-2-46

THE LEGAL ATTACHE
THE ALERICAN ENBACSY
LEMTEVIDED, URIGUAY

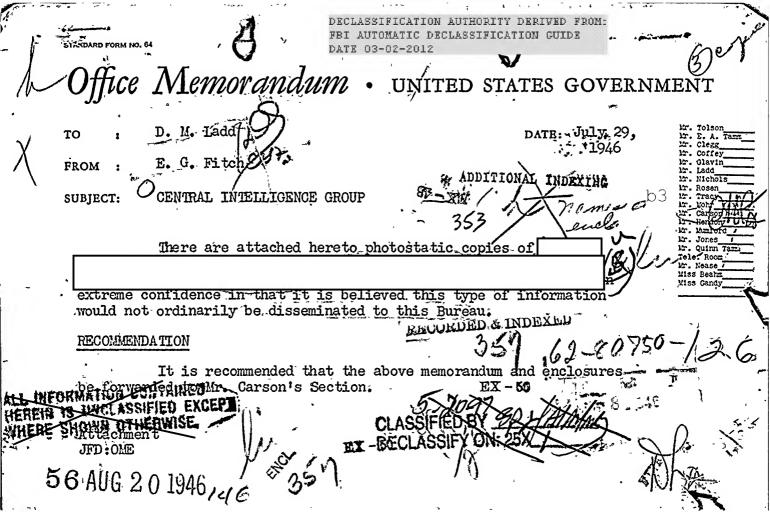
CONTEVIDED, URUGUAY
SPUBLIC PADIOGRAM 926 8-2-46
2:53 A.M. LEGAL ATTACKS

TIE ALERICAN EMBASSY CARACAS, VETEZTERA EADIOCIAN #663. 8-2-46

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8-2-46

CONFIDENT



ce Memorandum • united states government TO D. M. Ladd DATE: August 2, 1946 FROM : E. G. Fitch Dwight we SUBJECT: GENERAL EISENHOWER Itinerary in South America Attached is a proposed itinerary of General Eisenhower and his party for the South American trip August 1, to 18, inclusive. The itinerary was made available to Supervisor F. P. Griffee by Colonel Graling, MID. RECOMMENDATION It is recommended this memorandum be routed to the SIS Section. for their information. Attachment FPG:OLE ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED TOPEZED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 37 AUG 6 1946



Proposed Itinorary
of
Chief of Staff and Party
South America Trip
August 1 to 18 inclusive

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NOTE: L stands for local time.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF IN ŤIGATION 😁 1946 The Director Records Section Mr. Tolson-Personnel Files Mr. Ladd Mr. fol Send File \_Mr. Rosen Mr. Bring file up-\_\_Mr. Clegg Mr. Lto-date \_\_Mr. Glavih<sup>yr!</sup> earch, serial-\_\_Mr. Nichol<sup>&.</sup> ize, and route Mr. Tracy Mr. R Reading Room Mr. Harbd Wechanical Section \_\_\_Mr. Henddr Bureau Supply Section \_\_\_Mr. Penningt Mail Room \_\_Mr. Quinn Tamm \_Mr. Nease Mr. Coyngh Hen \_\_\_Miss Gahdl nington Call me re this \_\_Mr. Carson Mote and return · Dandy ..... File \_\_\_Miss Stalcup \_\_\_Stamp and mail \_Miss Gray Prépare tickler \_Miss Butcher Call these files e DONOVAIN See\_Me

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL SERVICE UNCLASS TO

August 8, 1946

John Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal-Dureau of Investigation

THE SPECIAL INTELLIGENCE SERVICE OF THE FBI

The following is submitted for your information with reference to the desire of the Central Intelligence Group to take over intelligence coverage in Latin America and the plans of the Bureau to withdraw its personnel from Latin America in order to effect the transfer of responsibility from the Federal Bureau of Investigation to the Central Intelligence Group.

You will recall that an appropriation was given to the Federal Bureau of Investigation to continue its Special Intelligence Service in Latin America through the fiscal year of 1947. However, at the time this appropriation was made, it was not understood that the National Intelligence Authority and the Central Intelligence Group had any plans for the establishment of a field operational force. The President's original directive reflected that it was his intention that the National Intelligence Authority through the Central Intelligence Group act as a coordinating agency for intelligence and there is no indication that it was contemplated that a new world-wide field operational force be set up.

requested advice of General Vandenberg as to whether it was intended that the Federal Eureau of Investigation withdraw from the intelligence field in Latin America. General Vandenberg replied by letter, dated July 3, 1946, If am very pleased to concur in your offer to withdraw from Central and South America" and went on to say that this is contingent upon postponement of our withdrawal until the Central Intelligence Group is organized and the transfer, may be made with a minimum of interruption. General Vandenberg also indicated it might be necessary that the FBI continue for the better part of the fiscal year.

I replied to General Vandenberg's letter and advised him that it would be well to work out immediately an acceptable program to permit the transfer of the responsibilities for intelligence coverage in the Central and South American countries on an orderly basis. Subsequently, his representatives have held two conferences with my representatives regarding details of the transfer.

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#### Memorandum for the Attorney General

reference to a time schedule for the withdrawal of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

I am, of course, most anxious that this be consummated at the earliest possible date. Efficient and productive operations in intelligence are not possible on a short-range basis, and, therefore, a prolongation of the responsibilities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at this time would serve no good purpose. I would also like to observe that the personnel presently engaged in Latin American work is critically needed by the Bureau and I am, therefore, anxious to have them return to domestic assignment as soon as possible.

VPK:FA

ir. Tolson
ir. E. A. Tamm
ir. Clegg
ir. Jlavin
ir. Lodd
ir. Nichols
ir. Rosen
ir. Tracy
kr. Carson
ir. Egan
ir. Ournea
ir. Hendon
ir. Hendon
ir. Penninton
ir. Neace
ir. Reace

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL BY SPECIAL LESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg Director Central Intelligence Group Room 2166 New War Department Building 21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Dear General Vandenberg:

I have received your letter of July 29, 1946; reflecting that you will assign one of your men to Costa Rica upon the withdrawal of FBI personnel on August 16, 1946. The property in Costa Rica, including the radio station, will be ready to turn over to you on that date in accordance with previous agreements and arrangements.

I would appreciate it if you will advise what should be done with the property that is being reserved for the CIG in Cludad Trujillo, Dominican Republic, in view of the fact that you will not have a man to take over that office upon the withdrawal of the FBI representative.

With reference to both Panama and the Dominican Republic, as previously advised it will be necessary that the FEI personnel be withdrawn on the dates previously set due to pressing commitments for this personnel.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

Office Memorandum • united states government

FROM : D. M. LADD SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

STANCARD FORM NO. 64

DATE: AUGUST 5, 1946

With reference to plans to turn over certain property in our field stations to the Central Intelligence Group, you will recall that in the letter transmitted to the Bureau by the CIG dated July 17, 1946, they stated, "We request that all office and technical equipment now held in field stations be

marked for transfer to our representatives on the withdrawal of the FEI and that an inventory of such equipment be now prepared for our review. Such a list would include office furniture and fixtures, typewriters, file cabinets, and photographic equipment for developing and printing." Also it was stated, "We request that radio communications equipment in field stations be preserved for transfer to our representatives......We request that automobiles now in the field be made available for transfer to our representatives." This matter was also brought up by the

representatives of the Central Intelligence Group in the conference of July 18, 1946, as is reflected in your memorandum to the Director dated July 18,1946.

Pursuant to the approval of the Director, inventories of equipment of our field SIS stations which could be turned over to the CIG were prepared, reviewed by the Administrative Division, and turned over to the CIG as reflected in my memorandum of July 23, 1946. In general we reserved for return to the Bureau all firearms, cameras, technical equipment of all kinds, block stamping machines, automobiles shipped to South America by the Bureau, etc. With reference to radio stations also in accordance with the approval of the Director, it was proposed to the CIG that they furnish to us in Washington identical equipment to that maintained in Latin America, whereupon our equipment would be retained in Latin America for the CIG. This was agreed to by the CIG and we are now in the process of furnishing them inventories of radio equipment.

As noted, CTG already has the inventories of office furniture, etc. and are expecting that we leave this property for their use when we withdraw from the South American stations. As a matter of fact, most of this equipment had been marked for turning over to the Embassy, Military, or Naval Attaches when previous consideration had been given to terminating our SIS program. None of the equipment is suitable for shipping back to the Bureau for future use of the Bureau. We had planned selling any property not desired by the Embassy to the highest bidder when previous plans were made for closing.

VPK:mrl

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MAN BUCK

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#### TITLE 6-AGRICULTURAL.CREDIT

Chapter II—Production and Marketing Administration

[1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form U-1]
PART 256—COTTON LOANS

1945 COTTON PURCHASE INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to the 1945 Cotton Purchase Program, Commodity Credit Corporation will purchase from producers upland cotton produced in 1945. These instructions state the requirements with reference to such purchases.

256.66 Definitions. 256.67 Forms. 256.68 Amount. 56.09 Classification of cotton.

d warehouses. receipts.

nent to producers.

to 256.77, inclusive, thority contained in dization Act of 1942, App. 963 (Supp. IV)).

tions. As used in 7, inclusive, unless the equires, the following ued respectively to

r. An eligible pro-

person (individual, orporation, associa-mpany, trust, estate, ity, or a State or a poon thereof, or an agency or political subdivision) andown and ordistenant, or sharen as provided below, two may not sell their cetointly. If the eligible cotton pro-on a farm has been divided among oducers entitled to share in such reisa, each landlord, tenant, and sharec sper may sell his separate share. If the cotton has not been divided, the landlord and one or more of the share tenants or sharecroppers may sell their as of cotton jointly. In no case shall a share tenant or sharecropper sell individually cotton in which a landlord has an interest. In any case where a

proceeds.

The executor or administrator of the estate of a deceased eligible producer, or the guardian of or trustee for an eligible producer, may sell eligible cotton produced by such producer to Commodity Credit Corporation, if he has the legal right to do so.

landlord sells cotton in which a share

tenant or sharecropper has an interest

he must have the legal right to do so.

and the share tenant or sharecropper

must be paid his pro rata share of the

The heirs who under State law, in the absence of a will, succeed to the property of a deceased eligible producer and, if there is a will, the beneficiaries under the will who are to receive the cotton or any part of the proceeds therefrom, may sell splicing cotton produced by such producer

to Commodity Credit Corporation, if no administrator or executor has qualified. All such persons and beneficiaries must join in executing the sales documents. Each such person and beneficiary must also execute an agreement to indemnify Commodity Credit Corporation, and also the Purchasing Agency if it makes the purchase for Commodity Credit Corporation, against any loss resulting from the establishment by any other person of a superior right to the cotton. The indemnity agreement must be submitted with the sales documents. Copies of this agreement may be obtained from the Regional Office of Commodity Credit Corporation, New Orleans 12, Louisiana.

Sales documents tendered pursuant to the last two paragraphs above must bear a written certificate of approval executed by the appropriate county agricultural conservation committee. Such sales decuments may be submitted to the Regional Office of Commodity Credit Corporation, New Orleans 12, Louisiana, or to a Purchasing Agency, and Commodity Credit Corporation will accept such documents from Purchasing Agents under its 1945 Cotton Purchasing Agency Agreements.

(b) Eligible cotton. Eligible cotton shall be upland cotton produced in the United States in 1945 by an eligible producer, as defined above: Provided, Such cotton meets the following requirements:

(1) Such cotton must be of a grade and staple specified in the table appearing at the end of the 1945 Cotton Loan Instructions (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form 1).

(2) Such cotton must be represented by warehouse receipts complying with the provisions of § 256.72 hereof.

(3) Such cotton must not be compressed to high density.

(4) Such cotton must be free and clear of all liens and encumbrances.

(5) Such cotton must be offered for sale by a person who has the legal right to sell it.

(6) If the person producing such cotton for sale is a landlord or landowner. the cotton must not have been acquired. by him directly or indirectly from a share tenant or a sharecropper, and must not have been received in payment of fixed or standing rent; if it was produced by him in the capacity of landlord, share tenant, or sharecropper, it must be his separate share of the crop unless he is a landlord and is tendering cotton in which both he and the share tenant or sharecropper have an interest; and he must not have sold and repurchased the cotton prior to the execution of the 1945 Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement (1945. C. C. C. Cotton Form UA).

(7) Such cotton must be in bales weighing not less than 300 pounds, gross weight.

(8) Such cotton must be undamaged at time of purchase.

(c) Purchasing agency. Any agency approved by Commodity Credit Corporation for the purpose of acting as its agent in purchasing cotton pursuant to the 1945 Cotton Purchase Program in accordance with these instructions and the Cotton Purchasing Agency Agreement (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UD) entered

into between such agency and Commodity Credit Corporation.

§ 256.67 Forms. The following documents must be delivered in connection with every sale:

(a) (1) A 1945 Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UA), duly executed prior to July 1, 1946. (2) Warehouse receipts complying

(2) Warehouse receipts complying with the provisions of § 256.72 hereof.

(3) A Cotton Purchasing Agency's Letter of Transmittal (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UC), except in case of direct purchases.

(b) If the cotton being tendered is under a 1945 Cotton Producer's Note and Loan Agreement, the following forms may be delivered in lieu of the forms specified in (a) above:

(1) A 1945 Cotton Producer's Transfer Agreement (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UR) duly executed prior to July 1, 1946.

(2) The producer's duplicate copy of 1945 Cotton Producer's Note and Loan Agreement,

§ 256.68 Amount. The purchase price per pound which will be paid for the gross weight of middling 15/16 inch eligible cotton stored in approved warehouses is shown in the Schedule of Purchase Prices for 1945 Crop Cotton in the Instructions to Warehousemen issued by Commodity Credit Corporation for each warehouse' location. Grade and staple premiums and discounts for qualities other than middling 15/16 inch cotton shall be those in effect under the 1945 Cotton Loan Program. These premiums and discounts are shown in the table appearing at the end of the 1945 Cotton Loan Instructions. Purchases will not be made of grades and staple lengths of cotton not shown in the schedule.

An allowance of 20 cents per 100 pounds in Arizona and California and 15 cents per 100 pounds in all other States will be made for cotton outside the zoned area when compressed to standard density. No cotton will be purchased which has been compressed to high density. An allowance of 7 pounds will also be made on bales covered with cotton bagging. Bales weighing between 300 and 400 pounds will be purchased at the regular purchase price less \$1.25 for each such bale.

§ 256.69 Classification of cotton. All cotton must be classified by a Board of Cotton Examiners of the United States Department of Agriculture. Instructions will be issued to approved warehouses concerning sampling and forwarding of samples and recording the class of the cotton in the schedule of warehouse receipts in the 1945 Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement and in the 1945 Cotton Producer's Transfer Agreement. The classification of any cotton previously classed by a Board of Cotton Examiners for the loan program may be used by transcribing such classification from the loan to purchase forms. A charge of 15 cents per bale will be made for cotton classed under the program. The warehouseman should collect this charge from the producer. The Board of Cotton Examiners will make collec-



#### FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 29, 1945

#### CODIFICATION GUIDE—Continued

TITLE 5-ADMINISTRATIVE PERSON- Page Chapter I-Civil Service Commission: Part 18-War service regulations,\_\_\_\_\_ Part 19—Classification of positions \_\_\_\_\_TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT: \_ 12247 Chapter II-Production and Marketing Administration: Part 256—Cotton loans\_\_\_\_\_ 12248 TITLE 19-CUSTOMS DUTIES: Chapter I—Bureau of Customs: Part 10-Articles conditionally free, subject to a reduced rate, etc.\_\_\_\_
TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE: Chapter XIII-Petroleum Ad-

ministration for War:
Part 1528—Material conservation; marketing\_\_\_\_\_12266
Chapter XXIII—Surplus Prop-

Chapter XXIII—Surplus Property Board: Part 8308—Disposition of

surplus property in rural areas and to farmers\_\_\_\_ 12266
TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION:
Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission:

Part 4—Rules governing broadcast services other than standard broadcast\_ 12266

<sup>1</sup> Appears under Treasury Department in Notices section.

which relate to the functions so transferred to the aforesaid agencies.

#### PART II

7. For the purpose of unifying the disposition of foreign property owned by the United States in foreign areas under a single agency acting in conformity with the foreign policy of the United States and with the Surplus Property Act of 1944, and consonant with the transfer of such disposition function under paragraph 2 (a) hereof and the designation of the Department of State, pursuant to the provisions of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as a disposal agency for all surplus property in foreign areas, excepting certain vessels, there are transferred to the Department of State all functions of the Army-Navy Liquidation Commissioner (under whatever authority, including War Department, Memorandum No. 850-45, dated January 27, 1945 and letter of the Secretary of the Navy dated February 1, 1945) and all functions of the War Department and the Navy Department relating to the disposition abroad of property captured from the enemy. So much of the functions of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy as relates thereto is transferred to the Secretary of State. The office of Army-Navy Liquidation Commissioner is

8. The War Department and the Navy Department shall each store, care for, handle, deliver and keep the fiscal and other accounts for all property declared to be surplus in foreign areas, including property captured from the enemy, and shall also furnish such personnel, transportation and administrative services or facilities as may be required for foreign

disposal. The provisions of this paragraph shall be carried out without reimbursement from the Department of State for the services rendered. As used in this order, the words "foreign areas" mean areas outside the continental United States, its territories and possessions.

9. The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy are authorized to detail officers and enlisted persons of the military and naval establishments, respectively, to the Department of State to assist it in the discharge of its duties under this Part or of any duties delegated to it under the Surplus Property Act of 1944, and any such officer or enlisted person shall, while so detailed, retain and be entitled to the rights, benefits, promotions and status of an officer or enlisted person of the establishment from which he was detailed.

#### PART III

10. There are transferred to the respective agencies to which functions are transferred by this order, for use in connection with the functions so transferred, so much as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine to relate to such functions, respectively, of the records, property, civilian personnel, and funds of the Administration and its agencies (including funds appropriated to the President for carrying out functions-administered by the Administration) and of the War Department and of the Navy Department. Such further measures and dispositions as may be determined by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget to be necessary to effectuate the transfers and abolitions provided for in this order shall be carried out in such manner as the Director may direct and by such agencies as he may designate.

11. The head of each agency to which functions are transferred by this order may, in the interest of efficient administration, assign such of the functions transferred to such head or to his agency by this order as he shall determine to such officers and agencies under his jurisdiction as he shall designate.

12. All prior regulations, rulings, and other directives relating to any function transferred by this order shall remain in effect except as they are in conflict with this order or are hereafter amended or revoked under proper authority.

13. All provisions of prior Executive orders and of prior instruments of any Federal agency in conflict with this order are amended accordingly. Each transfer of functions provided for in this order shall be effective on such date, not later than December 31, 1945, as shall be designated jointly by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget and the head of the agency to which the function is transferred. Pending such designations the officers and agencies from whom functions are transferred under this order shall continue to administer their respective functions.

Harry S. Truman

THE WHITE HOUSE,
September 27, 1945.

[F. R. Doc. 45-18082; Filed, Sept. 27, 1945; 3:45 p. m.]

#### Regulations

# TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission

PART 18—WAR SERVICE REGULATIONS APPOINTMENT, REAPPOINTMENT, AND

TRANSFER

1. In § 18.5 (9 F.R. 7238, 7351; 10 F.R. 2155, 2491, 7153), the last sentence of paragraph (c) is amended as follows:

§ 18.5 Appointment.
(c) Trial period.

In the case of substitutes and charmen and charwomen in the Postal Service, the trial period will be 2,024 hours tive duty.

2. The title of \$ 18.5 designated as Reapt graph (a) is headf persons granted pri (e) is amended to?

§ 18.8 Reappoid (e) Trial period. under this section, serve a trial period cordance with § 18.5 (c) substitutes and charms in the Postal Serve will be 2,024 hours

3. In § 18.9 (9 10 F.R. 2155, 7519) is amended as foll

\$ 18.9 Transfer.

(j) Trial period. Pe

(Pub. Law 134, 79th Cong., E.O., 9063, as amended by E.O. 9378, 8 F.R. 13037)

By the United States Civil Service Commission.

ISEAL] LUCILLE FOSTER McMILLIN,
Acting President.

SEPTEMBER 27, 1945.

[F. R. Doc. 45-18092; Filed, Sept. 28, 1945; 10:12 a, m.]

PART 19—CHASSIFICATION OF POSITIONS

By virtue of the rescision of War Manpower Directive XII, (10 F.R. 11417) entitled "Classification of Field Positions in Federal Service", issued September 24, 1942 (7 F.R. 7650), the regulations previously prescribed under this part by the Commission (5 CFR, Cum. Supp. and 1944 Supp.) pursuant to the authority contained in this directive, are herekrevoked.

By the United States Civil Serviced Commission.

[SEAL] LUCILLE FOSTER MCMILLIN,
Acting President.

SEPTEMBER 27, 1945.

[F. R. Doc. 45-1863; Filed, Sept. 28, 10:12 a, m.]

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 12-19-2011

Controlly

CONFIDENTIAL

DECODE OF DOUBLE CODE CABLE NUMBER 507 FROM SIS NUMBER 363 DATED JULY 30, 1946 AT CIUDAD TRUJIELO. RECEIVED FROM STATE DEPARTMENT.

REFERENCE YOUR CABLEGRAM CATED JULY 30, 1946. PROPERTY NOT BEING RETURNED TO BUREAU IS AVAILABLE FOR CIO INCLUDING AUTOMOBILE. SEVERAL ITEMS ON PREVIOUS INVENTORIES WERE EXPENDABLE AND NEW INVENTORY BEING SUBMITTED IMMEDIATELY. PLEASE ADVISE IF EMBASSY IS TO BE CUSTODIAN THIS PROPERTY. MILITARY ATTACHE ADVISES SPACE OCCUPIED BY LEGAL ATTACHE AVAILABLE FOR RENT.

RECEIVED:

CASTAL TANGEL OF CROSP

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1:40 PM EST

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DECLASSIEV ON: 25X

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPTIONS OTHERWISE.

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If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau scryptographic systems.

COMPREMIS

1emorandum • united states government THE DIRECTOR FROM D. M. LADD SUBJECT: A conference was held this morning with representatives of the Central Intelligence Group'in accordance with Mr. Tamm's memorandum of July 18, 1946, reflecting the imitial conference with General Vandenberg's representatives. Mr. Carson, Mr. Keav, and I represented the The CIG representatives were given information as to the titles used and the number of people we had in the various Embassies in Latin America, which was in accordance with their request as set out in Mr. Tamm's memorandum of July 18, 1946. The Police Liaison men were not listed, nor were the positions included which are being vacated by our recent recall program, it being noted that this recall was already a matter of record prior to the request of the CIG inasmuch as we had advised Fred Lyon of the State Department. **b**3 There were also furnished to the group copies of inventories of of property which may be released to them in Latin America after these inventories were examined by Mr. Glavin. There were not included on the inventories the radio stations inasmuch as these are being covered under a separate arrangement. There are attached hereto copies of the inventories as furnished to CIG.

#### CALL, COLOMBIA INVENTORY

- L Swivel chair
- 1 Portable typewriter
- 1 Standard typowriter
- 1 Office Safe

SPAIN MANNED OF ALL VICES SPAMOSTIS

11750 134

# GUAYAQUIL, ECUADOR INVENTORY

- 1 Wooden Settee
- 2 Wooden Tables
- 1 Set of Office Furniture which includes 1 Sofa, 4 Chairs, 1 Table

ALL INTO THE SPANNERS

63-11750 134

#### VALPADATSO, CHILE INVENTORY

- 1 Webstor dictionary
- 1 Briof case
- 1 Carpet
- 1 Cash box
- 4 Upholstered chairs
- 8 Caivol chairs
- 4 Leather chairs
- 1 Electric cooker
- 1 Index cabinet
- 1 3 drawer file cabinet
- I & drawer cobinet
- 5 Woodon dosks
- 5 Electric heaters
- 1 Dock lang
- 2 Laps of Chile
- 1 Paper cutter
- I Comporcial radio
- I Safe
- 3 Typewriter tables
- 1 3 drawer wooden table
- I I drawer mooden table
- I Wooden table no drawers

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN AS 2 BY PRINCE OF THE PR

3.62 70750-134

- 1 Royal standard typewriter
- 1 Royal portable typowelter
- i Enlarging easel
- 1. Film tank
- 2 Flood lamps
- 1 Tolar negative carrier
- 1 Transfermor

ALL INTO MAN CONTINUED

HEREIN 1878 - Spannes 18

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## SAO PAULO; BRAZIL 😅 ÎNVENTORY

- 1 Wardrobe Cabinet
- 1 Pen Set
- 1 Clock
- 1 Lagnifying Glass
- 6 Index Card Cabinets
- 4 File Cabinets
- 1 Supply Cabinet
- 5. Chairs.
- 3 Desks
- 2 Electric Heaters
- 2 Gooseneck Lamps
- 3 Wall Maps
- 2 Lugs
- 1 Steel Safe
- 2 Sofas
- 4 Tables
- 3 Portable Typewriters
- 4 Standard Typewriters.

DATE 11-19-87 Spannets

6,64 6,750-134

### SAN SALVADOR, EL SALVADOR - INVENTORY

- 1 1940 Chevrolet Sedan
- 1 Geographical Dictionary of El Salvador
- 6 Index Card Cabinets
- 3 File Cabinets
- 2 Swivel Chairs
- 1 Clock
- 5 Desks
- 2 Desk Lamps
- 2 Ceiling Lamps
- 2 Dosk Pen Sets
- 1 Photostat Lachine
- 1 Office Safe
- 2 Sets of Book Shelves
- 2 Typewriter Stands
- 2 Underwood Standard Typewriters
- 1 Poyal Standard Typewriter
- 1 Corona Portable Typewriter
- 1 Table
- 2 Waste Baskets

ALL PROPERTY CONTINED ALL PROPERTY OF THE PROP

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# CARAGAS, VENEZUELA INVENTORY

7 - Vonotian blinds

1 - book case

2 - pr. book-ends

li - rags

1 - Spanish-Inglish dictionary

2 - German-English dictionaries

1 - 1927 Spanish dictionary

1 - English-Century dictionary-

2 - Websters dictionaries

1 - Fundamentals of Radio

3 - pr. draperies

5 - index cabinets

h - h drawer file cabinets

1 - 5 drawer file cabinet

1 - drawer file cabinet

1 - 4 drawer safe cabinet

1 - 2 drawer mahogony cabinet

10 - swivel chairs

9 - wooden desk chairs

6 - overstuffed chairs

3 - stenographic chairs

4 - clothes trees

4 - steel 6-drawer desks

ALL IIII Spreads

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- 1 7-drawer dosk with glass top
- 7 wooden 4-drawor desk with glass tops
- 3 electric fens
- 5 fountain pen sets
- 12 fluorescent desk lamps
- 1 gum paper sealing machine
- I smoking stand
- 20 mail trays-
  - 1 small steel table
- 1 wooden table 22 x 4 x 3
- I steel table 6 x 3 x 3
- 3 steel typist stands
- 7 wooden typist stands.
- 1 motal typowriter stand
- i circular mahogony table
- 1 maliogony table 2 x 1 x 2
- 4 Spanish Royal typewriters
- 2 Spanish Remington typewriters
- 1 English Underwood typewriter
- 1 telegraphic keyboard typewriter
- 5 portable typewriters
- 8 wastebaskets
- 8 work baskets
- I fire oxtinguisher
- l first-aid kit
- 1 alarm olock
- 1 Amorican flag

ALL INFORMATION SPINATED

J. 6271750-134

1. - photostat drying tray

3 - photostat solution trays

1 - photostat wiper

1 - Duo-Photo electric dryer

1 - Did-Photo photostat machine

ALL MICE Spannets

62-11750-134

## QUITO, ECUADOR INVENTORY

- 1 1941 Dodgo Automobile
- 1 1942 Ford Automobile
- 1 Mineograph Machine
- 9 Regular Office Chairs
- 2 Swivel Chairs
- 7 Upholstered Steno Chairs
- 3 Small Damboo Chairs
- 2 Bamboo Armchairs
- 1 Glock
- 7 Largo Woodon Deská
- 1 Large Metal Dosk
- 1 Typewriter Deak
- I Dictaphone
- 4 Dictionaries
- 1 Fire Extinguisher
- 5 Electric Heaters
- 1 Steel Helmat
- I First Aid Kit
- 1 Bamboo Lamp
- 2 Goosé nock lamps
- 3 Lina-a-times
- 1 Gas Mask
- 2 Hole Punchers
- 4 Rugs
- 2 Letal Safes

ALL INTO Spannetos

D. 62-11720-134

9 - Tables

4 - Tolophonos

5 - Standard Typewriters

10 - Portable Typowriters

5 - Stock File Cabinets

4 - Wooden File Cabinets

2 - Stool Supply Cabinots

1 - Romington Tand Safe Cabinet

4 - Lotal Dosk with Federala for Typowriters.

2 - Lotal Dooks - 7 Drawers

4 - Lotal, Armchairs

2 - listal Typists Chairs

4 - Matal Wastopaper Daskots

2 - Lotal Clothes Trees

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#### MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY INVENTORY

- 1 1940 Ford Sedan
- 1 Six Drawer Wooden Card Index File Cabinet
- 2 Four Drawer Steel File Cabinet
- 1 Eight Drawer Steel Index Card File Cabinet.
- 1 Steel Supply Cabinet
- 1 Six Drawer Card Index File Cabinet
- 1 Four Drawor Card Index File Cabinet
- 1 = Steel Cafe Cabinet
- 4 Swivel Chairs
- 7 Straight Chairs
- 1 Wooden Desk 63" x 33"
- 1 Wooden Desk 55" x 33"
- 1 Single Drawer Index Filing Box
- 1 Coat Rack
- 1 Overstuffed Sofa
- 4 Overstuffed Chairs
- 6 Gooseneck Lamps
- 2 Dosk Lamps
- 6 Wasto Paper Baskets
- 1 Electric Heater
- 1 Portable Trash Burner
- 2 Gooseneok Lanps
- 3 Developing Trays
- 1 Portable Photostatic Machine

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12/2-139

1 - Electric Hot Plate

1 - Electric Iron

1 - Print Dryer

1 - Rubber Roller

1 - Photo Flood light

3 - Developing Trays

1 - Electric Heater

2 - Developing Tanks

3 - Wooden Typewriter Tables

2 - Work Tables

3 - Portable Typowritors

2 - Standard Typewriters

1 - City Directory of Montevideo

1 - Register of Uruguayan Firms

1 - Italian-Spanish Dictionary

1 - Webster's Dictionary

1 - Book "Frequency Modulation"

1 - Book "Fundamentals of Radio"

1 - Book Wathematics for Electricians and Radio Men"

1 - Book "Uruguayos Contemporaneos"

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13

### GUATEMAIA CITY, GUATEMAIA INVENTORY

- 1 Netal Cash Box
- 2 Spanish Diotionaries
- 1 Book, "GUATEMATAPAST AND PRESENT"
- 2 English Dictionaries
- I Book, "QUIEN ES QUIEN"
- 1 Book, "MUNICIPAL FIRE ADMINISTRATION"
- 1 Zipper Brief Case
- 1 Brown Leathor Brief Case
- 1 Four Drawer Steel File Cabinet
- 2 Four Drawer Wooden File Cabinets
- 4 Index Card Cabinets
- 2 Mooden Index Card Cabinets
- 2 Wooden Supply Cabinots
- 2 Metal Stenographer Chairs
- 1 Electric Clock
- 3 Wooden Desks
- 1 American Flag
- 1 Wall Map of Guatemala
- 3 Leather Notobook Covers 82" x 11"
- 5 Ferroplate drying tins.
- 5 Trays for Photographic Work
- 3 Developing Trays
- 1 Squeegee Drying Stand
- 1 Squeegee
- 1 Paper Punch

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1 - kug 61 2 121

1 - Steel Cafe

1 - Stapling Liching

2 - Standard Type writers

2 - Partable Typomritors

1 - Work Bonch (Woodon)

I - Double Print Roller

Dinusted springe Ap

B. 150-134

### ACURCION, PARACUAY INVENTORY

- 1 storage battory
- 1 1041 Ford sedan
- 1 "Tho's The in Paraguay"
- 1 "Frequency Medulation" by Hund
- 1 "Fundamentals of Radio" by Torman
- I "Mathematics for Electricians and Radio Mon" by Cooks
- 1 Spanish dictionary
- 2 brief cases
- 5 metal 4-drawer cabinets
- 1 motal 10-drawer cabinot
- 1 motal 4-drawer index cabinet
- 1 motal 2-drawer file cabinot
- 1 notal cabinet with adjustable shelves
- 1 wooden 4-drawer cabinet
- 6 swivel chairs
- 4 wooden arm chairs
- 2 woodon costumors
- 2 wooden docks, 6 drawers 21 71 x 41 711
- 1 wooden dock, 6 drawers 31 2" x 51 7"
- 3 wooden desks, 6 drawers 21 8" x 51 3"
- 1 typist deck
- 4 electric fans
- 1 fire extinguisher
- 1 First-Aid kit
- 5 glass tops for dock

FILL HAR 2 Spannesh

6 62-101EC 134

- 1 Pr. rubber gloves
- 1 pr. suede gloves
  - 3 electric office heaters
  - 2 kerosénő stovés
  - 1 desk lamp
  - 5 Gooseneck lamps
  - 1- lantern
  - h fluorescent ceiling lights
  - 1 paper cuttor
  - 5 pen sets
  - 1 scale
  - 2 safes
  - 1 set of shelves (24 compartments)
  - 1 wooden table, 3' 9" x 2! 7"
  - 1 wooden table, 21 11 x 51
  - 1 wooden table, 4 x 2 7"
  - 1 Duo-Photo Photostat machine and dryer
  - 2 optipods
  - 1 squeegee board
  - 3 developing trays
  - 1 metal tripod
  - 6 ständard typewriters
  - 1 Spanish keyboard typewriter
  - 1 portable typewriter

11. 19-57 Spronkly

17 62-11 750

# NATAL, BRAZIL INVENTORY

- 3 File Cabinets
- 5 Index card cabinets
- 2 Swivel chairs
- 1 Steel chair
- 3 Desks
- 3 Gooseneck Lamps,
- 1 Electric fan
- 1 Steel safe
- 1 Wooden table
- 1 Royal Portable typewriter

HELLING 82 Spamph

62-10 150-134

### MANAGUA, NICARAGUA INVENTORY

- 1 1941 Plymouth Sedan
- 1 Brief Case
- 1 Book Case, Five Shelves
- 1 Four Drawer Steel Filing Cabinet
- 3 Four Drawer Mooden File Cabinets
- 1 One Drawer Wooden File Cabinet
- 1 Wooden Index Card Cabinet, 24 Drawers.
- 1 Wooden Index Card Cabinet, 16 Drawers
- 2 Wooden Supply Cabinets 4 Shelves
- 4 Straight Back Office Chairs
- 2 Swivel Office Chairs
- 1 Steel Office Desk
- 3 Wooden Office Desks
- 5 Pen Sets
- 2 Fingerprint Kits
- 2 Bronze Desk Lamps
- 2 Fire Extinguishers
- 1 York Office Safe
- 3 Standard Typewriters
- 1 Portable Typewriter
- 1 Wooden Index Box 10" x 14"

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62-1150 134

## LA PAZ, EOLIVIA TIVEMORY

- . 1 1941 Packard Car
  - 1 Dook, "ESSENTIALS OF SPANISH".
  - I Book, "FIRST SPANIȘII ÖRÂLLIAR".
  - 1 Wooden Wardrobe Case
  - 1 Latal Storage Cabinet, 3 Sholves
  - 1 Four Drawer Motal Cabinet
  - 2 Motal File Cabinets
  - 1 Wooden 24 drawer index card cabinet
  - 2 Wooden Four Drawer File Cabinets
- 17 Plain Office Chairs.
  - 1 Alarm Clock
  - 4 Wooden Clothes Hangers
  - 1 Set dark Largon Office Curtains
  - 1 Sot Plain White Office Curtains
- 1 Large Wooden Executive Deak with Glass Ten
- 3 Wooden Stenographers Desks
- 3 Targo Tooden Office Desks
- 1 Lamp, Executive Type
- 1 Plain Dosk forp
- 3 Googenock Tamps
- 3 Electric Heaters
- 2 Electric Héaters with fan
- 1 Large, Blow-Type Electric Heater
- 1 Water Filter
- 1 Inrge Wooden Index Card Box
- 3 Stopling Lachines

ALL MITTINED Spanneds

D 10-134

1 - Holo Punching Machine

I - Lina-A-Timo Lachine

2 - Laps of Polivia (Wall Kaps)

1 - Basin Mirror

2 - Pon Cots

1 + Photostat Machino

1 - Duophoto print dryer

6 - Developer Pans

1 - Electric lantern

1 - Flashlight

1 - Fire Extinguisher

1 - Set of Tools

2 - Small Rugs

5 - Iargo Ruzs

10 - Tooden Tables

1 - Not Plate

4 - Standard Typewriters

5 - Portable Typewriters

ALL MILES SPAMP CASS DITE 11-19-82 1.5Pmpcks

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#### III. PAU TANATOY

- 5 Demici dictionaries
- 5 Cremish-Inglish dictionaries
- 1 English-Cantel digitionary
- 5 Thistar's dictionaries
  - 1 1945 Ichychio Lingopetry
  - 1 India Antionir Call-book exceptio
  - 1 "Ferritaminals of Padio" by Forman
  - 1 "Troquency Hodulation" by Hard
  - 1 "Californities for Electricians and Endio Long by Cocin
- enter's ofth been 53
- 1 Icathor exchica office chair
- e typick chairs
- 1 doct chair
- 3 + C-drawer Agants' Contin
- U C-Creator Agomba\* docké
- 1 7-Crimor Agombat Code
- فينهن جمنز مترجمون مخصرته كودني
- I D-drager stangeragion dock
- 1 V-drawer stonographer dealt
- 0 closs dock tops
- 7 Phorescent dock lemps
- 3 fluorescent celling lights
- 1 polariod dock lamp
- 15 godo-modi desi: lame
- 2 mps at city of time

Dilli-14-12-15 princes

W. 2 1.756-134

- 1 set of maps of the Departmentsof Peru
- 2 water color paintings
- 9 miscellaneous pictures
- 3 wooden supply cabinots
- 2 -steel supply cabinets
- 1 11-drawer index cabinets
- 1 9-drawer index cabinet
- 2 double drawer index cabinet (atcel)
- 1 double drawer index cabinot (wood)
- 10 4-drawer file catinots
  - 1 12-drawer 3 x 5 index cabinet
  - 1 wooden cabinet to enclose index cabinets
  - 1 wooden cabinet with shelves
- 4 2-drawer office tabled 2' 10" x 5'
- 1 office table 2'6" x 4'
- 1 1-drawer steel table
- 1 2-drawer mahogony table
- 7 typewriter tables.
- 3 telephone tables
- 1 office table 2' x 3'
- 1 office table 1:8" x 1:8" x 2:5"
- 1 office table 1'6" x 3'
- 1 wooden book cass
- 8 -standard typewriters
- 11 portable typewriters
- 1 briof case.

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7 - bloctric heaters

I - kerosene oil heater

4 - electric fans

3 + coat racks

7 - dosk pen sets

5 - Tugs

2 - steel mafes

2 - Hammond 6locks

1 - window awning

1 - bulletin board

1 - paper trimmer

1 - duffle bag

1 - alarm clock

4 - fingerprint kits for taking prints

1 - stenographic stand and case

1 - leather desk blotter

1 - GE auto transformer

3 - enamel trays

1 - print drainer

1 - pair of asbestés gloves

1 - pair of rubber gloves

1 - Duo-Photo photostat machine

I - 1942 Chovrolet

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Al 22-1275-134

#### CAUTIAGO, CHILE INVENTORY

- 1 Ploor model ash tray
- 2. Axos
- 1 Poll system for mesbenger
- 1 Woolen blanket
- 1 World Atlan
- 1. Wobstor dictionary
- 10 Openish dictionaries
- 1 Funk and Wagnal dictionary
- 2 Winston dictionaries
- 2 Tobster collegiate dictionaries
- 4 Spanish dictionaries
- 2 Corman dictionaries
- 1 Priof case
- 8 4 drawer index cabinets for 5 x 7 cards
- 0 6 drawer index cabinets for 3 x 5 cards
- 1 2 drawer index cabinet for 3 x 5 cards
- 5 4 drawer file cabinets
- 19 5 drawer file cabinéts
  - I Stool cardox file
- 7 Steel bars and locks for file abbinots
- 1 Cot 3 cholves
- 2 Carpots

5 12 11-18-52 Spame

B. 1-1-134

- 2 Supply racks with eleven shelves
- 5 Wooden tables
- 5 Underwood standard typewriters
- 5 Undorwood portable typewriters
- 6 Royal standard typewriters
- 1 Royal portable typewriter
- 7 Corona portable typewriters
- 1 Hermes portable typewriter
- 1 Remington standard typewriter
- 2 Water coolers
- 1 Set of tools
- 1 Electric heater
- 1 Photostat dryer
- 3 Steinman reals
- 2 Photofilood reflectors
- 7 Developing tanks
- 2 Safe lights for dark room
- 1 Transformer
- 1 Water tank
- 1 Himeograph machine
- 1 Hot plate
- 1 Duo-Photo Electro-copist

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H 6= 16700-13.4

- 1 Cash box
- 1 Office safe
- 21 Wooden straight chairs.
  - 5 Stenographer's chairs
- 1 Swivel chair
- 3 Armchairs
- 3 Leather chairs
- 1 Cot
- 16 7 drawer desks
  - 2 4 drawer desks,
- 12 Typowriter tables
  - 1 Glass desk top.
- 10 Electric heaters
- 1 Desk Jamp
- 1 Floor lamp
- 6 Yale locks
- 23 Steel locks and bars for file cabinets
- 4 Maps of Chile
- 2 Paper cutters
- 1 Safe
- 1 6' screen
- 1 Stool

Ditte 11/12-82 Springeto

27. 150-134

<b>.</b> Ş.	Upholstered chairs
i	Sofa
10.	Office desks
ľ	Typist's desk
1	Socretarial desk
4	Typewriter desks
.2.	Fans
12	Electric heaters
· <b>8</b> ·	Doşk larıpş
3	Maps
, <b>Ż</b> :	Glass tops for desks
Ì	Cash box
\$	Linatimo machines
1	Thermos water pitcher and
2	Brief bags
2	Brief cases
ļ	Staple machine
Ţ	Wooden tripod

Paper gutting board

D. 11-19-87 11 5 pametry

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- 1 Kalart spood flach equipment
- 1 Photostatic machine
- 1 Photostatic dryor
- 1 Photostatio Bleotric photo print
- 4 Trays for photostat work
- 5 Radiator covers
- 1 Safo
- 1 Office table 46" x 15"
- 1 Fork table 45" x 25"
- 6 Typing tables
- 2 Typeriting stands
- 7 Underwood standard typewriters
- 3 Undergood portable typowritors
- 3 Carona portable typewriters
- 2 Carona Zophyra typowritors
- 2 Romington Rand portable typogrations
- 1 Royal standard typowriter
- 7 Royal portable typewriters
- 1 Minsograph machine
- 1 Stenographer's machine

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HE STATE OF SPRINGERS

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# EUEROS AIRES, ARSERTIMA INVESTORY

- 1 1930 Ford Cedan
- 1 1040 Oldemobile Club Coupe
- 2 Work bonches
- 1 Funk and Wagnal dictionary
- 1 Atlas of the world
- 1 4 sholf supply cabinet
- 2. Index cabinots
- 23 4 drawer file cabinets
- 1 Oak storago cabinot
- & Supply cabinets
- 1 1 drawer file cabinet
- 2 drawer 4 x 6 index cabinet
- 1 Doctorso
- 1 Clothes cabinet
- 19 Caivol chairs
- 1 Ctonographor's chair
- 2 Office amobairs
- 4 Straight chairs without arch!
- 2 Ctraight armchairs
- 1 Straight chair
- 1 Coat cushion
- 2 stools

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# BOGOTA, COLOMBIA INVENTORY

I - 1940 Duick Sedan

10 - Venetian blinds

4 - Spanish dictionaries

1 - Who's The in Latin America.

1 - German dictionary

8 - 4 drawer filing cabinets

1 - Single drawer filing cabinet

9 = 3 x 5 index cabinets

1 - 2 drawer filing cabinet

1 - Stenographer's chair

4 - Leather chairs

2 - Swivel chairs

5 - Stenographer's desks

2 - Agont's dosks

1 - Typist's desk

1 - Dayonport with two chairs

4 - Electric heaters

1 - Pencil sharpener

1 - Tool lat

15 - Goodenock lamps

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1 - Letter file

2 - Paper cutters

5 - Developing tanks

1 - Kodak thermometer

9 - Trays

1 - Kodak roller

1 - Hot plate

1 - Developing tank

1 - Lufkin tape

1 - Hat rack

1 - Safe

1 - Strong box

3 - Typewriter tables

1 - Conference table

6 - Portable typowriters

2 - Standard typewriters

1 - Duo-Photostat printer

1 - Electric print dryer

1 - 1942 Plymouth sedan

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# RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL - INVENTORY

- 1 Dining RoomSuite
- I Single Bed with mattress and pillow
- 1 Wardrobe
- 1 Olock
- 1 Telephone Table
- 1 Smoking Stand
- 1 Rofrigorator
- 1 Photostat Drier
- 1 Magnifying Glass
- 1 Paper Cutter
- 1 Double Bed
- 2 Small Bed Tables
- 3 Wicker Chairs
- 1 Wicker Table
- 2 Book Cases
- 1 Office Dosk
- 1 Gray Cowhide Trunk
- 3 Portuguese-English Dictionaries
- 43 Index Card Cabinets
- 18 File Cabinets
- 4 Supply Cabinets

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33

1 - Wardrobe Cabinet

6 - Typist Chairs

10 - Swivel Chairs

2 - Office Lounge Sets

4 - Straight-back Chairs

1 - Rooking Chair

22 - Dosks

3 - Fluorescent Ceiling Lights

10 - Fluorescent Desk Lights

3 - Pon Sets

2 - Folding Soreens

1 - Alarm Clock

4 - Briof Cases

1 - Hat Rack

1 - Fire Extinguisher

1 - Rubber Mat

1 - Remington Line-a-Timo

1 - Rug

1 - 1940 Sedan, Ford

2 - Hand Drills

l - Pair of Asbestos Gloves

1 - Soldering Iron

DATE HE STATE OF THE PROPERTY

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- 1 End Wrench
- 1 Steel Tape
- 8 Tables
- 1 Photostat Machine
- 15 Royal Portable Typewriters
  - 5 Hermes Portable Typewriters
  - 1 Underwood Portable Typewriter
  - 1 Remington-Underwood Portable Typowriter
  - 3 Royal Standard Typewriters
  - 1 Underwood Standard Typowriter

DATE 1-19-87 sprmach

### MEXICO CITY INVENTORY

- 1 1937 Chevrolet sedan
- 1 Decoto
- 1 1936 Cheyrolet coups
- 1 Webster's dictionary
- 1 Spanish Technical dictionary
- 1 set "Tho's The in Mexicon
- 1 set "Collection of Tiempo"
- 1 Atlas Geography of the Republic of Mexico
- 1 book case
- 25 4-drayer filing cabinets
- 6 11-drawer index cabinets.
- 1 Cardex cabinet
- 8 typist chairs
- 11 straight back chairs
- 9 swivel chairs
- 2 straight back chairs with red leather
- 1 set dayonport and two chairs
- 1 wooden bench
- I davenport
- 2 leather chairs
- 1 red davenport with two chairs
- 2 leather covered chairs
- 1 revolving chair
- 1 leather settee
- 8 costumers

11-15-82 5pmachts

13-80-150 134

10 - Agent desks 57" x 32"

6 - wooden deska 42" x 24"

4 - stenographer deska

4 - typist desks

4 - wooden desks 17" x 36"

1 - single podistal desk 19" x 3h"

I - writing deck 52" x 34"

1 - walnut glass top desk

1 - Agent desk 34" x 60" x 31"

1 - secretary's desk

11 - electric heaters

9 - Inter-communication sets

10 - standard typewriters.

18 - portable typewriters

16 - fluorescent colling lights

3 - mats

1 - steel cash box

1 - safe

I - key cabinet.

1 - pr. book ends

2 - rite lines

1 - studio couch

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- 1 fireplace set
- 2 Gooseneck reflector lamps
- 2 #2 Eastman safe lamps
- 3 Arkay photo dryers
- 1 Kodak masking paper board
- 1 paper trimmer
- 1 fan for dark room
- 1 set of tools
- 1 sterling silver letter opener
- I electric plate
- I General Electric clock
- 1 pr. scissors
- 1 water tank for photographic laboratory
- 2 pr. Venetian blinds
- 2 wastepaper baskets
- 10 rugs
  - 1 walnut table 58" x 32"
- 1 olive green table 56" x 32"
- 1 glass top telephone table
- 1 fire extinguisher
- 1 Duo-Photo machine
- 1 Photostat machine
- 1 Mimeograph machine

D. W. W. Sparmer

16 ) CO- 60756-134

#### HAVANA, CURA INVENTORY

- 1 Dictionary
- 1 1-drawer steel file cabinet
- 13 4-drawer steel file cabinets
  - 3 Steel supply cabingts
  - 2 Wooden supply cabinets
  - 3 Indox Card cabinots (6, 7 and 10 drawer)
  - 9 Swivel stonographer chairs
- 17 Straight chairs
- 2 Straight chairs (upholstered)
- 1 Swivel chair (upholstered)
- 9 Ewiyol chairs (plain)
- 1 Wooden settee
- 1 Eofa (upholstered)
- 3 Electric clocks
- 1 Office dock with glass top 66" x 38"
- 5 Office desks 54" x 34"
- $2 Office desks <math>160 \times 320$
- 8 Stonographor's desks
- I Small office dosk 42" x 28"
- 12 Electric fans
- 7 Fluorescent desk lamps
- 1 Colling lamp
- 1 Fluorescent ceiling fixture
- 3 Line-A-Time machines.
- 1 Film tank
- I Devoloping tank
- 1 Eastman safe light lamp

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39

- 1 Negative projector
- 1 Double print roller
- 1 Laboratory scale for metric weights
- 1 Nall safe
- 1 4-drawer file safe
- 4 Typing tables 30" x 18"
- -2 Tables 54" x 32"
- 2 Tables 30" x 56".
- 2 Tables 60" x 32"
- 1 Typing table 34" x20"
- 1 Work table
- 1 Office stand with rollers
- 2 Lotal stands with rollers
- I Book case, four shelves, glass door
- 1 Typing table 193" x 353"
- 6 Portable typewriters
- 10 Standard typewriters
  - 2 Laps of Cuba
  - 1 American flag
  - 4 Wooden hall trees
  - 1 Paper cup dispenser
  - 1 Brief case
  - 2 Fire oxtinguishers
  - 2 10" paper cutters

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Office Memorandum • united states government

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o Central dutelliques

MR. WIL

FROM

Edw. A. Fann /

SUBJECT:

DATE:

August 9, 1946

Mr. Ladd
Ir. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Gurres
Mr. Larbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quim Tamm
Tele. Room
Mrs. Gendy
Miss Gendy
Miss Gendy

For record purposes, it may be noted that on August 8th the Attorney General sent for me and displayed to me the original of a letter addressed to him under date of August 8th over the signatures of Messrs. Patterson, Acheson, Sullivan and Leahy relating to the transfer of SIS functions to the CIG. I outlined at considerable length the Director's views with reference to the taking over of SIS by CIG and advised the Attorney General that the proposed schedule was grossly unsatisfactory to the Bureau. I outlined to the Attorney General all of the developments in this situation since the first of July and pointed out the Director's views, and told him that the Director felt that the CIG should take over the first group of Latin American offices on September 15, the second on November 1st and the third group on January 1st. termination of my statement of the Bureau's position, the Attorney General stated that he desired to "go along" with the request of Patterson et al in so far as it was practical and possible bécause he felt that the President undoubtedly concurred in this program. I told the Attorney General that I would read the letter to the Attorney General to Mr. Hoover by telephone and would furnish the Attorney General with Mr. Hoover's views by memorandum. Such a memorandum was prepared, approved by the Director and forwarded to the Attorney General. You are familiar with its contents.

Attached hereto are copies of the letter to Mr. Clark. N

The Attorney General also furnished to me a copy of a personal letter addressed to him by U. S. Ambassador Pawley in Brazil, in which Mr. Pawley protests against the withdrawal of the FBI Agents. The original of this letter was returned to the Attorney General but copies are attached hereto for maintenance in the Bureau files.

Attachments

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dr.	TO :	MR. IADD	Pf.		DΛ	TE: 8/9/46	Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamb
	FROM:	E. G. Fitch	BIJ-	,		b3 /	hr. Coffey hr. Clavin hr. Ladd hr. Nichols
•	SUBJECT:	Central Int			4.		lr. Rosen lr. Tracy lr. Mohr Lr. Carson lr. Hendon
	fumni chod	to Agent Doh			in extre	have been me confidence.	Mr. Muniord Mr. Jones Mr. Quinn Tarni Tele. Room
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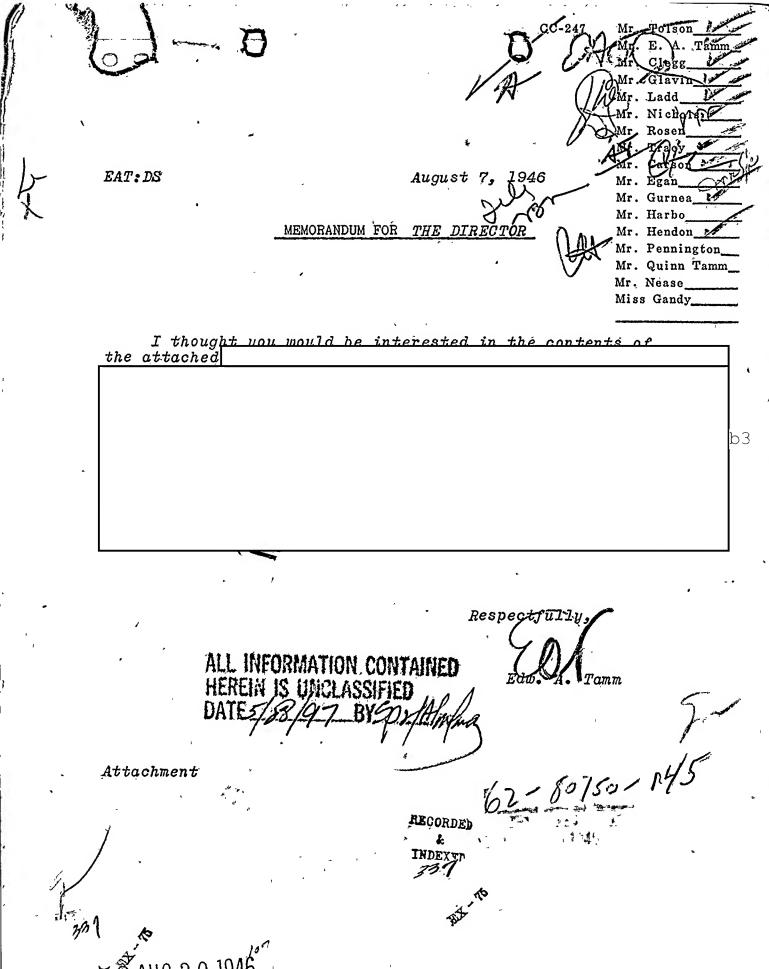
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT August 13, 1946 DATE: TO Do. Mo Ladd SUBJECT: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY DML:da

STANDAND FORM NO. 64 ice Memorandum b3 1946 ΟŤ Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamb Mr. Clegg Mr. Coffey Mr. Glavin E. G. Fitc FROM 19-87 BY SP7mpe 175 Mr. Ladd Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Carson Mr. Egan Mr. Gurnea SUBJECT: Hendon Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy b3 There is attached hereto Attachment JFD:rhr

	STANDARD FORM NO. 64	
, ,	Office Memorandum • united states government	
	TO Mr. D. M. Ladd DATE: August 9, 1946	b3
	FROM: V. P. Keay WAY DATE 11- 29-87 BY Springship Ir. Tolson Ir. E. A. Tamber Ir. Glays Ir. Glays Ir. Glays Ir. Glays Ir. Micholis Ir. Micholis	
	SUBJECT:  Ir. Trecy  Ir. Carson  Iw. Eason	
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Memorandum for Mr. Ladd	£	THEFT	AL.	•
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ce Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT August 20, 1946 DATE: V. P. Keay FROM : SUBJECT: Central Intelligence Group - Radio Station in San Jose, Costa Rica T contacted garding the furnishing to the Bureau in Washington of radio equipment equivalent to that left for the CIG in San Jose, Costa Rica, in view of the fact that the office in San Jose was turned over to the CIG on August 16, 1946. b3 ECORUM 162-80750-141 VPK:mrl ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 570CT2



THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

OFFICE MIMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO THE DERFOTOR DAT : July 11, 1946 FROM D. M. Ladd STRUECT: In accordance with your instructions, I contacted Jack Neal of the State Department in the absence of Fred Lyon. I gave him a copy of the letter from General Chamberlain of G-2 relative to the Panama Office and went over with him the entire picture with reference to the Bureau's position concerning the closing of the Panama Office. I asked him in view of Mr. Braden's phone call to you yesterday to get this letter to the attention of Mr. Braden at once. Mr. Neal stated that he would endeavor to see Mr. Braden and discuss this matter with him tonight or in any event tomorrow morning, that he would let me know the results of his discussion with Mr. Braden. Mr. Real stated that he would call all of this to the attention of Mr. Braden. He stated from the State Department's standpoint this whole thing was ve y undesirable and I will discuss the entire problem with him.

Mr. Real is going to notify me as soon as Fred Lyon returns

Dir ctoris moration: "Ladd should follow this closely. H. HEREIN IS WHOLASSIFIED RECORDED

52 SEP 4 1946





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# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: AUGUST 26, 1946

TO THE DIRECTOR

C. H. CARSON FROM:

INTERVIEW WITH E. J. SPARKS, WUNITED STATES CHARGE D'AFFAIRES,

URUGUAY

Upon the occasion of my recent visit to Uruguáy, I talked with Mr. E. J. Sparks, Charge d'Affaires in the American Embassy. It will be noted that so Gendy the new Ambassador, Joseph LicGurk, with whom we formerly worked in the Dominican Republic, has not yet arrived in Uruguay to take over the post of Ambassador. Mr. Sparks, as Counselor of Embassy under former Ambassador William Dawson, is the official with whom we have worked very closely in Uruguay during the war.

I explained to him the Bureau's position and status in the current situation with regard to foreign intelligence

He expressed-extreme regret and seemed to be sincerely disappointed and disillusioned that the Bureau is withdrawing from Latin America and the work that we have been doing. He expressed apprehension at the idea of a new group such as the CIG coming in and taking over. He is a career officer and is quite frankly apprehensive as to how the CIG will fit into ordinary Embassy operations abroad. I explained to him how little we really know about their detailed plans of operation and contemplated procedures, pointing out that we assume they are negotiating with the State Department as to procedures, methods, etc. to be followed.

Mr. Sparks was very high in his praise of the Bureau's work in Uruguay throughout the war. He mentioned the fact that if former Ambassador William Dawson was still on the scene, he would undoubtedly protest the decision concerning the CIG very vigorously. Sparks himself is a career officer and being only charge d'affaires, he follows the traditional custom of not protesting anything very much. He has, however, always been very friendly with our Agents and has proved entirely cooperative in connection with our work. He mentioned a desire to visit the Bureau in Washington when opportunity next offers and he was invited to do so. KECORDED

ACTION:

It is believed that Sparks is a sincere friend and admirer of you and the FBI. He naturally prefers the FBI to any group insofar as foreign intelligence is concerned inasmuch as he knows by personal experience other the FBI can work with the regular career service without disrupting their routine to any appreciable extent. He is naturally apprehensive concerning the CIG although in his present position he will probably be non-committal and not take any specific or positive action one way or another.

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August 21, 1948

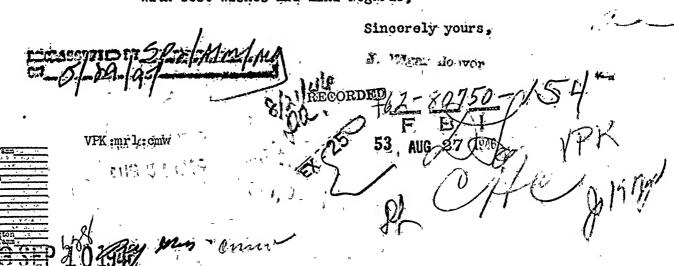
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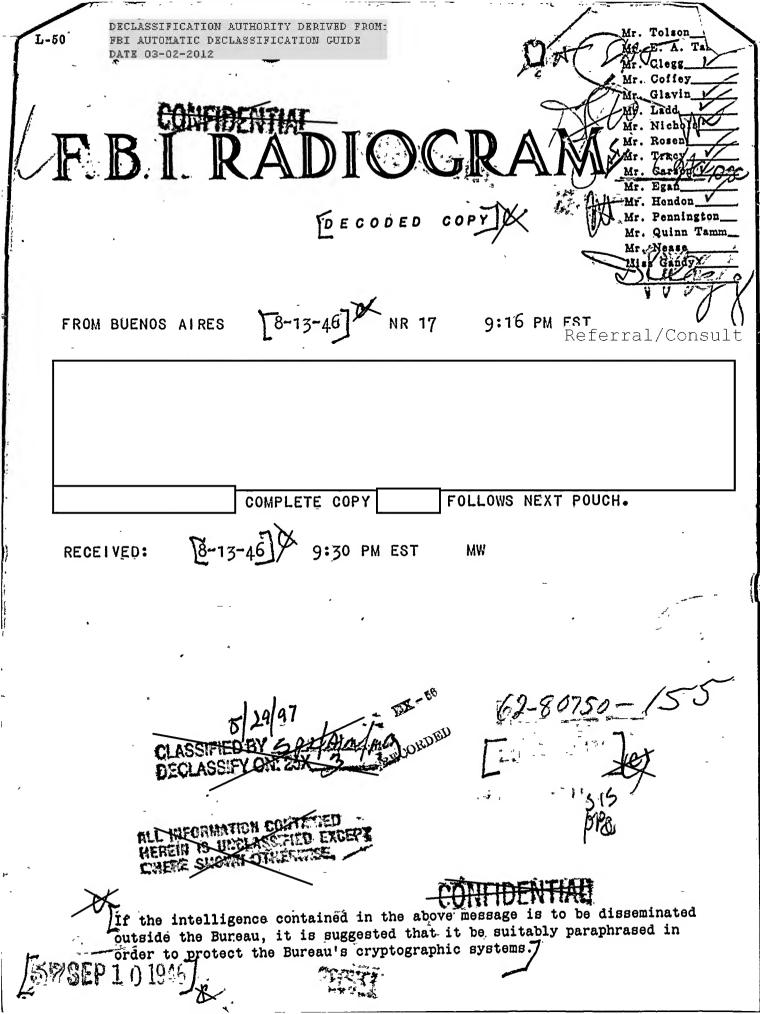
Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg Director Central Intelligence Group Room 2166 New War Department Building 21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Dear General Vandenberg:

In view of the current tense world situation, particularly in Europe and the Orient, and in view of the world-wide intelligence coverage which has been assumed by the Central Intelligence Group, I should like to request that any information which might possibly be of assistance to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in connection with its responsibilities for the internal security of the United States be furnished to me promptly. It will be of great value if detailed information relating to the aims, intentions, or activities of foreign nations with respect to clandestine or subversive operations against the United States be furnished to me. You, of course. realize that a wide variety of such information is a necessity for proper and adequate protection of the internal security of the United States. I shall be greatly appreciative of any assistance along this line that the Central Intelligence Group may be able to render to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

With best wishes and kind regards,





#### THE LIBECTON

August 10; 1946

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HELLI Jt. (Bola) som legy let Tax thege

Pursuant to your instructions, I talked to the Attorney Accorded this morning at his request with reference to the SIS situation. He stated that he had been to the White House yesterday and that he spent almost two hours talking to the President about this situation. Prior to the time that he talked to the President, Actival Leahy had talked to the Attorney General and had indicated to him that it was desired that the Department of Justice through the Fureau render every possible assistance to the CIG in taking over the DIG work in Couth America. Admiral Leahy indicated that the CIG would not be able to nove into any of the countries as rapidly as the Lureau desired to withdraw from them but that the state Lepartment desired to insure a continuity of coverage and that, consequently, the ureau should only withdraw upon the basis of a karmonious schedule with CIG moving in to take over the various countries.

The Attorney General stated he talked to the President about this situation and the President indicated some doubt that the CI would work but the President stated he had to at least try it out in view of the recommendations made to him by his Cabinet members. The Attorney General advised him that Ambassador Fawley, Spruille Draden and various other State Department representatives were very much opposed to F3I withdrawing but the President throught the FIT should coordinate its program in such a way that CIG could move in on an orderly basts and take over the operations through appropriate conference with CIG so as to insure that our withdrawal would be upon the basis of CIG's ability to move in and take over the operations in various countries.

I advised the Attorney General that while you had not so stated in your recent memorandum, you had instructed me to advise him orally that the CIF was definitely stalling in this situation. I pointed out to him that it was rather inconsistent that hureau

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**ESSEP 12,1946** 

Agents were not good enough to carry on the SIS operations in the Latin Americas but at the same time their services are so indispensable that they cannot now be withdrawn or replaced. I told the Attorney General that the CIG had a bright group of alleged intelligence representatives, including a number of men who had deserted from the service of the FBI during the war, who appeared, according to CIG estimates, at least capable of carrying on the SIS operations. I stated that as a matter of fact General Vandenberg had the effrontery to designate as his representatives to confer with the Dureau on the change-over of operations ex-FBI Agents who had deserted from the Lureau service while on foreign assignment and who were definitely persons non grata to you and to the Bureau.

The Attorney General was advised that you had instructed that we be entirely reasonable in attempting to work out a schedule for the transfer of SIS duties but that from the schedule submitted by CIG, it was very obvious that CIG was stalling and the dates set by them were unreasonable. I told hi that you had, upon the basis of my previous conversation with him in which he expressed the desire to support the President in getting this plan set up and in operation. instructed that we make reasonable concessions to the CIG in an effort to bring about a reasonable schedule for the transfer of duties. I pointed out to the Attorney General that the withdrawal of individual personnel, such as the withdrawal of the Legal Attache in Brazil, did not indicate that the office was being closed but that this was an administrative transfer of an individual Agent predicated upon a reduction program which you had outlined subsequent to the termination of the war. I told the Attorney General that there were some 25 or 30 men currently under transfer back to the United States but that these transfers had nothing to do with the change-over of the SIS coverage to CIG, but rather were routine transfers which would have been effected even though the Bureau remained in SIS. I told the Attorney General you desired him to have this information in the event any question were raised about the recall to the United States of any individual Agent.

The Atterney deneral stated that he desired to make reasonable concessions to CIA in permitting them to take over the intelligence coverage and stated he desired me to talk to Admiral Beahy and outline to him the Jureau's problem and its position with reference to these problems. I suggested to the Atterney deneral that, in the light of the information with I had furnished to him, he might desire himself to talk to idmiral leady and indicate that we would go along in anything that was reasonable in the light of all the circumstances, but the Atterney deneral stated he believed it would be better if a Bureau representative conferred direct with Admiral Leahy. He stated he would call Admiral Leahy and arrange an oppointment and asked that I let him know from made out with Leahy.

The Attorney General indicated that he told the Precident that it was anticipated that CIG would try to procelyte the Eureau's personnel and the Precident eath that of course he would not tolerate anything of that kind and if it became necessary, he would issue an order to CII prohibiting them from hiring FDI people.

# Office Memorandum • United States Government

: DIRECTOR, F.B.I.

DATE: July 8, 1946

FROM SAC. RICHMOND

SUBJECT: THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY

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There is being transmitted herewith for the information of the Bureau a newspaper article appearing in the Richmond Times Dispatch dated July 1, 1946 commercian an article entitled. "The National Intelligence Authority" by DAVID K. B. BRUCE formerly with the Office of the Co-ordinator of Information and the Office of Strategic Services, which appears on Pages 355 through 369 of The Virginia Quarterly Review, Summer Issue 1946.

HMK:GTC

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**ENCLOSURE** 

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59 SEP 13 1946

RICHMOND TIMES DISPATCH July 1, 1946

# Efficient Intelligence Agency | Held Vital for U.S. Defense

CHARLOTTESVILLE, June 30 ice. Our continued inability to formation and defense, writes David & E Bruce, who recently completed four years of service with the Co-ordinator of Information and the Office of Strategic Services, in the Summer 1946 issue of the Virginia Quarterly Review, just published at the University of Virginia.

"No matter; how strong an air force, Army or Navy, we main tain, we can never be proof in the atomic age; against the effects of a sudden hostile attack upon our key cities and industries, un-less we have foreknowledge of enemy plans and capabilities." Mr.

Bruce continues. Mr. Bruce, a native of Mary-land and an alumnus of the Uni-versity of Virginia, has drawn on his own experience. After serving in World War I as an officer of Field Artillery, he entered the United States Foreign Service and became vice-consul at Rome. He was later attached to the State Department in Washington. His practical experience with the OSS was gained both in this country and abroad.

"Until very recently," writes Mr. Bruce, "the United States Mr. Bruce, "the United States and State Departments." He government has never possessed even the semblance of a satisfactory strategical information served agency in time of peace.

satisfaction prevailed.

"The attack on Pearl Harbor startled us like some gigantic dissonant firebell in the night of our false security. We felt betrayed and indeed we were. We were be-trayed by the complete failure of our intelligence agencies. Resent-ing the insult to our national pride, we tended too; much to ascribe Pearl Harbor to Japanese treachery, rather than to our neglect of elementry intelligence an security precautions. The in-telligence services of the old de-partments were in a moribund state.

state."

'Mr. Bruce relates at some detail the activities of the COI and, OSS' as established by order of President 'Roosevelt under William J. "Wild Bill" Donovan though "harassed and badgered by the jealousy of the Army, Navy and State Departments." He makes a strong plea for an ef-

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE JUL 1 1946 RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO.

Mr. Ladd /

FROM

C. H. Carson

SUBJECT:

National Intelligence Authority.
Discussion by David K. ExBruce

in The Virginia Quarterly Review

The Richmond Field Division has called to the attention of the

Bureau an article entitled "The National Intelligence Authority" by David K.

E. Bruce which appeared in The Virginia Quarterly Review, summer issue of 1946.

Bruce is described by the magazine as an Army officer who in the latter part of 1945 rounded out four years of service with the COI, which later became the Officer of Strategic Services. He is said to have served for 2½ years in the Field Artillery during the first World War and to have later entered the United States Foreign Service. It is said that much of Bruce's service with OSS was in Great Britain and the Review adds that his practical experience at home and abroad enables him to speak with authority in urging the importance of a strong Central Intelligence organization for this country.

Bruce begins his discussion by pointing out the necessity for maintenance of a strong American Foreign Intelligence Agency on a permanent basis. He reviews the inadequacies of our intelligence organizations prior to World War II, stressing the fact that until that time we had no intelligence services of any kind worthy of the name. He pointed out that we were unique among the great powers in this respect. Bruce recalled that in World War I the United States had established a Cryptographic Corps and that in 1929 this had been dissolved. He added that during 1917 and 1918 the Army and Navy had developed a slight acquaintance with the techniques of secret intelligence and counterespionage activities, but that the most capable men engaged in this work were soon dispersed.

The author points out that with the attack on Pearl-Harbor we realized we had been betrayed by the complete failure of our intelligence agencies. "Any intelligence service worthy of the name should have foretold shis event. It seems incredible that we have been so unaware of Japanese plans and projects. The Japanese scarcely attempted to conceal their spying activities. Counterespionage, monitoring and interception of messages from their Consulates in the Hawaiian Islands should have yielded a rich harvest." It is then pointed out that we should have drastically reorganized our intelligence service immediately, but we failed to do so. Here the author speaks disparagingly of the activities of G-2 and ONI and to the short-sightedness

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Memorandum for Mr. Ladd

of the State Department. He points out that the latter refused to permit the assignment of trained observers to Vichy France who could have worked with the French underground. He then begins a discussion of the establishment and activities of the Office of Coordinator of Information (COI) under William J. Donovan, which he refers to as the first organization in United States' History which promised centralization of data required for strategic decisions on highest policy levels. Bruce points out that Donovan encountered jealousies on the part of War, Navy and State Department officials, but because of his "ability, courage, and imagination" and "his almost unique qualities of leadership and his remarkable facility of eliciting from all types of men and women loyal and conscientious service to the government" he was able to attract men of inestimable, worth to the new organization. Bruce extols the accomplishments of the COI and OSS during the war, but points out that because of the above-mentioned jealousies of the older services the organization never reached its highest potential of success.

Bruce then refers to the well-known "Donovan plan," which he says was prepared at the suggestion of the President and outlined a permanent postwar intelligence organization. Here again he refers to the obstructionist tactics of the State, War, and Navy Departments, which prevented Donovan's plan from being adopted. He points out, however, that the plan in essence was finally adopted more than a year later with the establishment of the NIA. He expresses regret because the NIA was not to be given an independent budget, saying it was thus gravely handicapped. He pointed out that dominant positions would be held by State, War, and Navy representatives, and that it would be difficult to recruit competent civilians. He pointed out also that it was improbable that busy Secretaries of the three departments could devote sufficient time to the direction of the NIA and that as a result, it may decline to the position of an ineffective coordinator between the established intelligence agencies who in the past have shown marked disinclination to coordinate.

Bruce concludes his article by stressing the fact that an espionage and counterespionage organization demands a degree of technical skill, of administrative ability, and knowledge of foreign languages, customs and history such as is exacted by no other profession. He expresses the belief that the charter for an intelligence agency must be an exclusive one because "competitive activities by other departments or agencies make the necessary secrecy of its missions impossible and endager the security and even the lives of its operatives." He points out that an efficient, strategical intelligence agency is the country's first line of defense.

It is to be noted that no reference to the Bureau appeared in this article.

#### ACTION:

No action is necessary in this matter. This memorandum was prepared for informative purposes only.

DVH:mrl

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT : The Director DATE:, July 18, 1946 D. M. Ladd DE FROM 11386 SUBJECT: CLOSING OF BUREAU'S SIS OFFICES Mr. Roach was informed by Referral/Consult Mr. Roach will obtain the results of keep the Bureau informed. RRR: VPS 62-80750-160

fice Nemorandum. United states government DATE: August 20, 1946 MR. D. M. LADD E. G. FITCH FROM : 11385 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP As of possible interest, there is attached hereto You will note that Captain Cullen, USN, has been relieved from Executive for Control and is assigned to Chief, Advisory Council Operations Branch. It is recommended that the above information be forwarded to Mr. Carson's Section for the attention of Supervisor Keay. Attachment JFD: EOD INDEXED 241 57SEP13194

UNITED-STATES GOVERNMENT D. M. Ladd DATE: September TO 6, 1946 E. G. Fitch FROM CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROU SUBJECT: I thought you would be interested in b3 will be followed closely and be kept advised. 265,367, upon receipt of further information, you will be kept advised. JFD: OME INDEXED. HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 3.07 56 SEP 1 8 1946

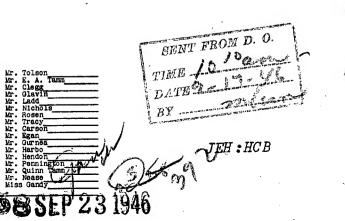
#### September 16, 1946

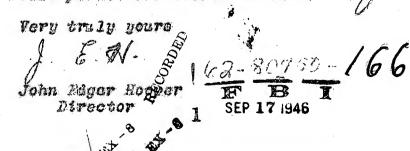
MEMORINALLY FOR LR. TOLSON
WR. TALLY
LITE HICHOLS

On September 9th I sew Hr. JACK CABLISLE of the Detroit News, who called to see me, he stated, because of the desire of his Publisher, Mr. Scripps, to escertain whether the FBI was actually on top of the Communist situation in the United States. Mr. Carlisle stated that his query was not one for publication, but merely one for assurance and background guidance.

I told Mr. Carliele that of course I could not be quoted and could not make any statement for publication. I told him that up to the present time this Bureau had been on top of the Communist struction in the United States, but at to the future I had some qualms. I stated this was due to the fact that the FBI was being withdrawn from foreign intelligence coverage, particularly in South America, Central America and the Caribbean, and that in line with the edministration's policy of dividing domestic and foreign intelligence, a separate agency would cover all foreign activities. I stated I believed this would be a great handicap in the coverage of Communist activities in this country because Communism being international, I did not see how from a practical point of view an agency responsible for such coverage within the U ited States could adequately perform its functions without having similar coverage abroad.

I also pointed out to Mr. Carlisle one of the great obstacles under which we operate, and which of course still prevails, is a lack of adequate laws under which anything could be done egainst Communism. I stated this matter had not been pressing up to the present time, but that should there develop any precarious international situation there was no doubt that the Communists within the United States - nost of whom are either notice born or naturalized - would become a serious problem because they could not be arrested until the actual commission of overt acts, which would of course be too late in the case of any possible war, as substage could be consummated and wast destruction could be effected by fore lows could be enacted which would permit arrests to be made.





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